FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Registered Housing Association No. HCB 219

Financial Conduct Authority No. 2339R(S)

Charity No. SC032542

RSM UK AUDIT LLP Chartered Accountants

Glasgow

ARDENGLEN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LTD For the year ended 31 March 2017 Contents

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Registration Particulars:		
Financial Conduct Authority	Co-operative and Community B Act 2014 Registered Number 2339R(S)	enefit Societies
Scottish Housing Regulator	Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered Number HCB219	
Charity No.	Charities and Trustee Investm	nent (Scotland) Ac

Scottish Charity Number SC032542

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Management Committee, Executives and Advisors

Management Committee

The members of the Management Committee of the Association who served during the year to 31 March 2017 and up to the date of signing of these financial statements were as follows:

Isa Brier

(Chairperson)

Maureen Cope MBE

(Vice Chairperson)

Liz McKenzie

(Treasurer)

Isobel Pope

Elaine MacPhail

Ann Marie Docherty

Sharon Nelson

Karen McDonagh

Frank Young

Mary Claire Eardley

(Co-opted 02/05/2017)

Mark Ingram

(Co-opted 02/05/2017)

Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary

Kenny Stocks (resigned 31/05/2017) Audrey Simpson (appointed 12/06/2017)

Auditors

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street GLASGOW G2 6HG

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 82 Main Street Rutherglen Glasgow G73 2HZ

Solicitors

TC Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee

The Committee of Management present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of Ardenglen is the provision and management of affordable housing for rent.

Ardenglen is registered with the Financial Conduct Authority as a Co-operative and Community Benefit Society, the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR) as a Scottish Charity and the Scottish Housing Regulator (SHR) as a Register Social Landlord.

Ardenglen's activities are primarily regulated by the Scottish Housing Regulator who publishes a Regulation Plan which sets out the level of engagement they will have for all social landlords on an annual basis.

In 2016/17 Ardenglen's level of engagement was set as "medium" meaning the Regulator had requested some additional information regarding Ardenglen's plans for the development of the Cathkin Braes Community Centre. This was provided within the required timescale.

Our Purpose

"Investing in our Community"

Our Mission

"To invest in your home and our community and deliver what matters most to our customers"

Our Key Goals

Everything we do flows from our purpose. Our focus and everybody's efforts are on delivering high quality services and the regeneration of our community.

Our Purpose is delivered by the following Goals:

- Doing what matters most to customers
- Investing in homes and our community
- Making us stronger for the future

Our Values

We have core values on which all of our work is based:

- Respect: "we treat others the way we would wish to be treated ourselves".
- Integrity: "we deliver on our promises".

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

Our Values (continued)

 Above & Beyond: "Continuous improvement is part of everyone's job and customer satisfaction is everybody's responsibility".

Strategy for Achieving Objectives

We must never forget that we are a business and like every business are only here because of our customers be they current, future or aspiring.

To be a great business we recognise that we need to get two things right. Firstly we need to keep our finances strong. If we don't, we can't achieve our vision and goals. Secondly and directly related to the first, we need to deliver the things our customers want, at the first time of asking and at an acceptable price.

There is no doubt our operating environment will remain difficult and challenging, but we are confident there will also be opportunities for strong organisations with a clear vision and determination to succeed.

Moving forward, our strategic plan is about successfully navigating the future by ensuring we have excellent governance and leadership, clarity of vision, a very strong financial base and a culture committed to exceptional customer service.

Business Model

We have worked hard to develop a Business Model which allows us to be confident that future decisions are based on hard evidence and that previous financial assumption have been updated and critically modelled. The ability for detailed scenario planning will also allow us to consider innovative funding solutions to support future housing or regeneration activities.

We need to achieve more with the resources we have available. The effective control of all operating costs and overheads is critical and over the last few years we have become leaner and more effective. We need to continue to drive value for money harder so that a more cost conscious culture is embedded.

Financial strength and strong treasury management is critical to delivering our vision and goals. Our focus is on making the right decisions for the long term and our plans for the future are built on delivering planned efficiencies and taking measured risks in order to achieve our objectives.

As a landlord, a developer and a provider of social and economic regeneration, we recognise that our customer expectations are changing and that we have to continuously improve our services.

In recognition of this, we carried out some substantial restructuring of Ardenglen to reflect this changed agenda. We believe this additional focus on regeneration activities is supported by our tenants and other stakeholders and is a positive reaction to the unprecedented economic pressures being applied to our local community.

As part of this strategy we are the lead partner in the development of a Commonwealth Games Legacy Project to create a state of the art activity centre to utilise the potential of the Cathkin Braes Mountain Bike Track to create job, volunteering and health opportunities.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

Full details of these can be found on the Association's web site www.ardenglen.org.uk.

The external environment has changed dramatically with public austerity measures meaning Ardenglen and our partners need to do more with less, demonstrate the value for money of our services and focus on performance.

This is the challenge our Business Model must face. A strong social ethos has been the backbone of our success; however this must be linked to a commitment to commercial efficiency, without which we would not have the resources to deliver those objectives.

Development and Performance

The Association continued to focus on customer services, where we embraced a more radical long term agenda of rethinking of our housing systems and how we deliver services. This has included the incorporation of "Lean" management with an emphasis on removing waste or work activities which do not create customer value.

We looked at what matters most to our customers and rather than simply looking at "costs" in isolation, instead turned our attention on the cause of costs. It involved taking a fresh look through the eyes of our customer's at our services as a system and we designed policies and procedures to deliver that system in the most efficient way.

This is an ongoing process which we believe will continue to produce efficiencies which will assist in keeping rents affordable.

Ardenglen was pleased therefore that our 2016 Customer Satisfaction Survey reported that "taking into account the accommodation and services Ardenglen provides", 99% of customers thought this represented good Value for Money.

Overall satisfaction with Ardenglen's services increased from 96% in 2013 to 98% in 2016. Satisfaction with the Repairs Service has remained very high at 95% and over 98% of tenants said Ardenglen was good at keeping them informed about services or decisions.

These results are important as they emphasise that the incorporated organisational changes are making a difference to customer outcomes.

Future Prospects

Ardenglen's future prospects are directly linked to achieving success in the three strategic goals we have set ourselves over the next five years:

Goal 1: Doing what matters most to customers

Our customers need to be at the centre of everything we do and we want to provide reliable and valued services for them. We regularly ask our customers what is important to them and will respond to their priorities in the development of our services. The Scottish Housing Charter sets out the standards and results we should achieve and we will work to continuously improve the outcomes for customers.

We are aware that customers put a high value on being kept informed and involved in decisions that affect them and we need to ensure we offer appropriate opportunities for participation. Our

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

customers have been through a tough few years with austerity cuts and we know this will continue over the next three years. We will continue to campaign for the repeal of the Bedroom Tax and try to mitigate the impact of welfare reform through quality advice services and programmes that support our customers to get into employment.

Goal 2: Investing in homes and our community

We recognise that repairs are often the service most valued by customers and we will keep working with our partners to continuously improve the service we deliver and ensure our homes are well maintained.

We know fuel poverty is a real concern for our customers. We will therefore continue to improve the energy efficiency of our homes, to ensure we meet the Energy Efficiency Standard for Social Housing (EESSH) which will become mandatory in 2020.

National austerity measures have put our customers under unprecedented economic and social pressure. We are now the "anchor" organisation for our community and our regeneration work is aimed at building partnerships to address vital "non housing" issues such as health, work, learning and engagement.

We have a good reputation for delivering new homes and services and want this to continue. We must ensure however that we do this within prudent financial limits and do not put our existing assets at risk.

Goal 3: Making us stronger for the future

We continue to operate in a volatile and uncertain environment. While this creates risk, our response is all about managing our threats and opportunities and creating an environment of 'No Surprises.'

We know that simply doing the old things slightly better is no longer an option and innovative and efficient ways of working; incorporating ideas such as Lean Thinking are the way forward. We need to ensure that our services and processes are fit for the future and offer value for money and that our governance and financial structures support and compliment what we are trying to achieve.

Every employee has a crucial role to play in delivering our goals. We aim to continue to develop a culture of challenge and support to help our people succeed and develop and build their careers.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

There is no escaping the changing economic, political and social environment in which we now operate and the risks and demands which have resulted.

Risk management for Ardenglen is all about managing our threats and opportunities, and creating an environment of 'No Surprises.'

By managing our threats effectively we will be in a stronger position to deliver our business objectives. By managing our opportunities well we will be in a better position to provide improved services and better value for money.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

The Association has developed an organisational structure, a range of policies, procedures and comprehensive insurances, which together make up the Risk Management Strategy which aims to be transparent, co-ordinated, publicly credible and effective.

The Risk Strategy outlines how the Management Committee wishes to manage risk. It describes the four important elements – how we will identify, assess, address and review and report on our risks. It also clarifies the various roles and responsibilities.

The Association has recently adopted a comprehensive e-based Risk Management Tool which maps the Likelihood, Impact and Risk Mitigation measures across known and future risks and assesses these as Low, Moderate, High and Extreme.

As at 31st March 2017 the "Top Five" Risks have been identified as:

Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Actions
Failure to meet the regulatory outcomes expected by the Scottish Housing Charter	Annual delivery work plan to be agreed. Continuous review of performance with KPI's in place – Senior Management Team and Management Committee regularly review progress.
Diversification risks associated with the proposed Cathkin Braes Activity Centre. New area of operation requiring different skills, competencies and operating methods. Need to protect core business from being adversely affected.	Assessment of the strategic fit of the opportunity. Evaluation of the resources required to bid and upfront assessment of the chances of success. Individual risk, financial, resource and operational assessment of the new venture. Sound Independent Business Plan.
Failure to obtain regulatory approval for the Cathkin Braes Activity Centre.	Individual risk, financial, resource and operational assessment of the new venture. Management Committee approval prior to Scottish Housing Regulator Submission. Full independent Business Plan.
Increase in Pension Deficit	5 & 30 Year Financial Plan updated annually. Full sensitivity analysis, scenario planning of pension liabilities. Attendance at all SHAP briefing sessions. Auto enrolment into DC Scheme. Regular updates to the Board. Full pension uptake modelled in financial plans.
Committee Members have insufficient skills to undertake role	Committee recruitment, assessment and training policy in place. Follow SHR Guidance regarding appraisal and "9 Year" Rules. Revised induction, "buddy" system

Key Performance Indicators

The Association's relevant Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) are based on data submitted in the Annual Return on the Charter (ARC) an annual return made by all Registered Social Landlords to the Scottish Housing Regulator.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

Table 1: Summary of Performance Outputs Reported in the ARC

Indicators	2016/17	2015/16	Scottish Average 2015/16
Gross Rent Arrears (Indicator 31)	2.8%	3.42%	4.3%
Reactive Repairs "right first time" (Indicator 13)	96.8%	96.1%	91.3%
Satisfaction with Repairs Service (Indicator 16)	95%	95%	89.9%
Average time to complete Emergency Repair (Indicator 11)	2 hours	2.6 hours	5.1 hours
Average time to complete non- Emergency Repair (Indicator 12)	3.4 days	3.1 days	7.5 days
Annual Gas Safety Inspections (Indicator 15)	100%	100%	98%
Anti Social Behaviour cases resolved in target (Indicator 19)	100%	95.9%	86.6%
Average Time to re-let a property (Indicator 35)	10.7 days	11.6 days	35.4 days
Void Rent Loss (Indicator 34)	0.24%	0.2%	1%
SHQS Compliance	100%	100%	92.8%

The Management Committee are pleased to report that Ardenglen continues to perform extremely well against the relevant Scottish Average Benchmarks.

Further detailed KPI information as well as a useful KPI comparison tool can be found at www.scottishhousingregulator.gov.uk.

Governance

The Management Committee has the responsibility for setting and monitoring the strategy, policy and overall direction of the Association. The members of the Management Committee serve on a voluntary basis and are unpaid.

Our Management Committee takes the lead on setting the values and strategic direction of Ardenglen. This is done within a framework of sound governance, continuous improvement and prudent and effective control which enables risks to be properly assessed and managed.

We recently completed a comprehensive review of our governance arrangements to improve the efficiency of decision making and to streamline our reporting structures to focus on customer outcomes, finance and risk.

Individual Committee members are appraised and the effectiveness of the committee as a whole evaluated on an on-going basis. Appropriate learning and development opportunities are provided for members to update their skills. We have also implemented a robust succession plan to refresh skills and ensure a continuity of leadership for the future.

We recognise that we need a wide range of skills and experience to be able to maintain effective governance and are looking to strengthen the Committee with appropriate skills to support the proposed Cathkin Braes Activity Centre.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report of the Management Committee (continued)

Going Concern

The Management Committee has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

The members of the Management Committee at the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware. They confirm that they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditors.

Auditor

A resolution for the reappointment of RSM UK Audit LLP, as auditors of the Association, will be proposed at the Annual General meeting.

By Order of the Management Committee

Name: Street

Date: 1/8/17

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Statement of Management Committee's Responsibilities

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Management Committee to ensure that financial statements are prepared for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the Association's state of affairs and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for the keeping of proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Association. The Management Committee must ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Registered Housing Associations Determination of Accounting Requirements 2014. It is responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It has general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the RSL and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Management Committee's Statement of Internal Financial Control

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material financial mis-statement or loss or failure to meet objectives. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for the important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Management Team and Management Committee to monitor the key business risks, financial objectives and progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- monthly/quarterly management accounts are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- Regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures through the Management Committee;
- the Audit Committee/Management Committee receives reports from management and from the external auditors, to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed, and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal and external audit reports.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Management Committee's Statement of Internal Financial Control (continued)

The effectiveness of the Association's system of internal financial control has been reviewed by the Audit Committee/Management Committee for the year ended 31 March 2017. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties which require disclosure in these financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

By Order of the Management Committee

IBMET 1/8/17

Name:

Date:

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Report by the Auditors to the members of Ardenglen Housing Association Ltd on Corporate Governance Matters

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on Pages 10 and 11 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on pages 10 and 11 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

LAM WANTER

RSM UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Centenary House 69 Wellington Street Glasgow G2 6HG

Date: 4/8/17

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Ardenglen Housing Association Ltd

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Ardenglen Housing Association Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 on page 14 to 39. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements – December 2014.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Respective responsibilities of the Committee and auditor

As explained more fully in the Committee's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 9, the Committee are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

RM KARatus

Chartered Accountants

Third Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street Glasgow

G2 6HG

Date 4/8/17.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Notes	2017	2016
		£	£
TURNOVER	2	3,848,058	3,851,273
Operating expenditure Pension provision remeasurement	2 19	(3,613,844) 688,000	(3,017,131)
OPERATING SURPLUS	2	922,214	834,142
(Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest receivable Interest and financing costs	9 6 7	(15,506) 15,459 (197,401)	(32,266) 18,281 (228,152)
SURPLUS BEFORE TAX		724,766	592,005
Taxation		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	8	724,766	592,005

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	£	2017	2016
FIXED ASSETS		L	£	£
Housing properties Other fixed assets Investment in subsidiary	11.A 11.B 12		22,103,632 587,655 1 22,691,288	22,435,505 615,031 1 23,050,537
CURRENT ASSETS				
Trade and other debtors Cash and cash equivalents	13	345,212 2,743,917	a.	223,447 3,066,942
		3,089,129		3,290,389
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(887,250)		(1,169,627)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,201,879	2,120,762
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			24,893,167	25,171,299
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(5,377,888)	(5,623,519)
Provisions for liabilities Pension provision Other provisions	19 19		(583,000) (13,260) (5,974,148)	(1,338,000) (15,497) (6,977,016)
TOTAL NET ASSETS			18,919,019	18,194,283
RESERVES Share capital Income and expenditure reserve	20		154 18,918,865 18,919,019	184 18,194,099 18,194,283

The financial statements on pages 14 to 39 were approved by the Management Committee and authorised for issue on1/2/1.7... and signed on its behalf by:

Secretary: Secretary:

Member: Enchenic

Member: Ibrrest

For the year ended 31 March 2017 Statement of Changes in Reserves

	Income and expenditure reserve	Total
	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2015	17,602,094	17,602,094
Surplus for the year	592,005	592,005
Balance as at 31 March 2016	18,194,099	18,194,099
Surplus for the year	724,766	724,766
Balance at 31 March 2017	18,918,865	18,918,865

For the year ended 31 March 2017 Statement of Cashflows

	Notes	2017	2016
		£	£
Net cash generated from operating activities	21	476,495	1,871,891
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Grants received Interest received NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(380,398) 29,396 69,805 15,459 (265,738)	(1,088,734) 113,959 35,556 18,281 (920,938)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid Repayments of borrowings Increase in share capital NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(168,401) (365,394) 12 (533,783)	(198,152) (377,729) 23 (575,858)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		(323,025) 3,066,942 2,743,917	375,095 2,691,847 3,066,942

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

LEGAL STATUS

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010.

The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is 355 Tormusk Road, Castlemilk, Glasgow, G45 0HF.

The Association's principal activities are as described within the Report of the Management Committee. The nature of the Association's operations are as described within the Report of the Management Committee.

Ardenglen Housing Association Ltd is a Public Benefit Entity.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Housing SORP 2014 "Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Housing Providers" and comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2014, and under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in Sterling (£).

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make critical judgements and estimates concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, advice from qualified experts and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are included below:

Useful lives of property; Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date based on the asset management projections and reactive repairs expenditure.

In determining the Association's share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS), the valuation prepared by the scheme actuary includes estimations in relation to life expectancy, salary growth, inflation and the discount rate on corporate bonds. The rate used to discount the past service deficit defined benefit obligations to their present value is based upon market yields for high quality corporate bonds with terms consistent with those of the benefit obligations. Our commitment to the SHAPS of £114,686 for the next 5 years has been discounted at a rate of 1.06% amounting to a net present value of £0.6m at 31 March 2017.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

GOING CONCERN

The Management Committee has reviewed the results for this year and also reviewed the projections for the next five years. On that basis the Management Committee has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

TURNOVER AND REVENUE RECOGNITION

Turnover comprises rental and service charge income receivable in the period, income from shared ownership first tranche sales, sale of properties built for sale, other services provided at the invoice value (excluding VAT) and revenue grants receivable in the period.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting, net of any voids.

Income from first tranche sales and sales of properties built for sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the transaction.

Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of agreed grant funding have been met.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants include grants receivable from the Scottish Government, local authorities and other government bodies. Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

Government grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the useful economic life of the structure of the asset under the accruals model.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, then any unamortised grant remaining is derecognised as a liability and recognised as income. Where there is a requirement to repay a grant a liability is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation.

OTHER GRANTS

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised using the performance model. Grants are recognised as income when the associated performance conditions are met.

OTHER INCOME

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate.

Investment income

Investment income is recognised on an accruals basis.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or to otherwise provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent and shared ownership.

Completed housing and shared ownership properties are stated at valuation less accumulated depreciation on the components other than structure.

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, along with those works that enhance the economic benefits of the assets, are capitalised as improvements. Such enhancements can occur if improvements result in either:

- An increase in rental income;
- · A material reduction in future maintenance costs; or
- A significant extension to the life of the property.

Shared ownership properties are split proportionally between fixed assets and current assets based on the element relating to expected first tranche sales. The first tranche proportion is classed as a current asset and related sales proceeds are included in turnover.

The remaining element is classed as a fixed asset and included in housing properties at cost, less any provisions needed for depreciation or impairment. Where the first tranche has been sold prior to the acquisition of the properties, these are included in fixed assets only.

DEPRECIATION OF HOUSING PROPERTIES

Freehold land or assets under construction are not depreciated.

The Association separately identifies the major components of its housing properties and charges depreciation so as to write-down the cost of each component to its estimated residual value, on a straight line basis over the following years:

Structure 60 years
Land Nil
Assets under construction Nil
Windows 50 years
Kitchens 20 years
Bathrooms 30 years
Boilers 15 years

IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the RSL estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the statement of comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

OTHER TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and investment properties, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings Fixtures, fittings and equipment over 30 years 4 years

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the reporting date, after estimated costs of disposal, for the asset as if it were at the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

BORROWING COSTS

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying properties are added to the cost of those properties until such a time as the properties are ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

TAXATION

Ardenglen Housing Association Limited has charitable status and is registered with the Office of Scottish Charities Regulator and is therefore exempt from paying Corporation Tax on charitable activities.

VAT

The Association is VAT registered, however a large proportion of income, namely rents, is exempt for VAT purposes therefore giving rise to a Partial Exemption calculation. Expenditure is shown inclusive of VAT.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Employees are entitled to carry forward up to 5 days of any unused holiday entitlement at the reporting date. The cost of any unused entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when the Association is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined benefit plans

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS). The contributions are recognised in income and expenditure in the period to which they relate as there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. A liability is recognised for contributions arising from an agreement with the multi-employer plan that determines how the Association will fund a deficit. Contributions are discounted when they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the period end.

Defined contribution plans

The SHAPS offers a defined contribution option which some employees take advantage of. For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to income and expenditure is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Debtors

Debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in income and expenditure.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial liabilities

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Commitments to receive a loan are measured at cost less impairment.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Association has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and that obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

ARDENGLEN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LTD For the year ended 31 March 2017 Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

						Operating
			Operating		Operating Surplus/	Surpius/ (Deficit)
	Note	Turnover	Costs	Other	(Deficit)	2016 £
Social lettings	က	3,698,754	(3,391,831)	a '	306,923	906,316
Other activities	4	149,304	(222,013)	•	(72,709)	(72,174)
Pension provision remeasurement	19	1	1	688,000	688,000	ı
Total	1 1	3,848,058	(3,613,844)	688,000	922,214	834,142
2016		3,851,273	(3,017,131)	1	834,142	

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS FROM AFFORDABLE LETTING ACTIVITIES

	General Needs Housing	Shared Ownership	2017 Total	2016 Total
	£	£	£	£
Rent receivable net of identifiable service charges Service charges	3.639,914	17,618 	3,657,532	3,614,139
Gross income from rents and service charges	3,639,914	17,618	3,657,532	3,614,139
Less: Rent loss from voids	(8,427)	-	(8,427)	(10,660)
Net income from rents and service charges Grants released from deferred Income	3,631,487 4,904	17,618	3,649,105 4,904	3,603,479 3,741
Grants from Scottish Ministers	44,745	-	44,745	36,630
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	3,681,136	17,618	3,698,754	3,643,850
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs	1,290,423	5,377 -	1,295,800	1,217,944
Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repairs costs Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts – rents and service charges	928,737 526,095 1,429		928,737 526,095 1,429	257,947 603,797 23,223
Depreciation of affordable let properties	633,349	6,421	639,770	634,623
Operating Costs for affordable letting activities	3,380,033	11,798	3,391,831	2,737,534
Operating Surplus for affordable letting Activities	301,103	5,820	306,923	906,316
2016	900,616	5,700	906,316	

The amount of service charges receivable on housing accommodation not eligible for Housing Benefit was £-nil (2016 - £nil).

The Association did not provide supported housing during the year.

Certain costs have been reallocated within the year to better reflect the spend and this allocation has been reflected within the comparative figures of the previous year.

ARDENGLEN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LTD For the year ended 31 March 2017 Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Grants from Scottish Ministers	Other revenue grants	Supporting people income	Other	Total Turnover	Operating costs – bad debts	Other operating costs	Operating surplus or (deficit)	Operating surplus or (deficit) for previous period of account
	બ	Ċ	ч	СH	બ	ભ	લ	ч	બ
Wider role activities undertaken to support the									
construction and management of housing	47,353	11,960	•	5,674	64,987	•	196,011	(131,024)	(130,365)
Care and repair	•	1	1	•	1	•	1		•
Factoring	ı	•	ı	1,800	1,800	•	1,752	48	(1,611)
Support activities	•	•	•	•	1	ı	1	•	•
Care activities	•	8	ľ	•	1	•	ı	•	
Contracted out activities undertaken for									
registered social landlords	1	1	1	1	1	•	1	1	•
Contracted out activities undertaken for other									
organisations	•	1	•	4,650	4,650	•	3,690	096	2,899
Developments for sale to registered social									
landlords	1	1	1	•	•	•	•	•	
Developments and improvements for sale to									
other organisations	•	1	1	1	1	t	1	•	•
Uncapitalised development administration									
costs	•	•	1	1	•	•	•		
Other activities	•	٠	•	77,867	77,867	1	20,560	57,307	56,903
Total from other activities	47,353	11,960	ı	89,991	149,304	1	222,013	(72,709)	(72,174)
2016	1	83,095	1	124,328	207,423	6,216	273,381	(72,174)	

Included within other activities is other rental income of £63,312 and the release of housing benefit received of £10,024

For the year ended 31 March 2017
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5.	ACCOMMODATION IN MANAGEMENT	2017	2016
	The number of units in Management at 31 March was as follows:		
		No	No
	New build	404	405
	Rehabilitation – leased	1	1
	Rehabilitation	254	254
	Shared ownership	10	10
	Mortgage to rent	12	10
	SST Total Units in Management	291	292
	Total Units in Management	972	972
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2017	2016
0.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	£	£
	Interest on bank deposits	15,459	18,281
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Interest arising on:		
	Bank loans and overdrafts	168,401	198,152
	Defined benefit pension charge	29,000	30,000
		197,401	228,152
8.	OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT		
•		2017	2016
		£	£
	Operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation of housing properties	639,770	634,623
	Depreciation of other tangible fixed assets (note 11.B)		
	- owned	54,974	51,217
	Deficit on disposal of tangible fixed assets (note 9)	15,506	32,266
	Fees payable to RSM UK Audit LLP and its associates in respect services are as follows:	ct of both audit a	nd non-audit
	of floor at a tollows.	2017	2016
		£	£
	Audit services - statutory audit of the Association	10,170	12,668

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9. SURPLUS OR DEFICIT ON SALE OF FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES

	Disposal proceeds Carrying value of fixed assets Capital grant repaid Deficit	2017 £ 42,932 (44,902) (1,970) (13,536) (15,506)	2016 £ 140,554 (146,225) (5,671) (26,595) (32,266)
10.	EMPLOYEES	2017 No.	2016 No.
	The average monthly number of full time equivalent persons (including key management personnel) employed by the Association during the year was:	140.	140.
	Office and management/Administration	20	19
	Housing support and care	-	-
	Development	20	19
		2017 £	2016 £
	Staff costs for the above persons:		
	Wages and salaries	578,316 53,997	570,186 44,351
	Social security costs Other pension costs and current service cost (note 23)	149,085	127,028
	Defined contribution pension cost	20,638	10,035
	Agency Staff	21,000	21,000
	a	823,036	772,600

Key management personnel are defined as the members of the Board, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the directors or the Board.

There were the following key management personnel who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions) in excess of £60,000 within the following ranges:

	2017 No.	2016 No.
£60,000 - £69,999	1	-
£70,000 - £79,999	1	1

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

10. EMPLOYEES (continued)

	2017 £	2016 £
Aggregate gross emoluments for the above key management personnel	227,359	221,060
Aggregate emoluments for the above key management personnel (excluding pension contributions)	203,480	199,452
The emoluments of the Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions)	71,570_	70,264
Aggregate pension contributions in relation to the above key management personnel	23,879	21,607

No payment or fees or other remuneration was made to the Board members during the year. The Association operates a salary sacrifice scheme to all members of the pension scheme.

11.A TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - HOUSING PROPERTIES

Cost 1 April 2016	Social Housing Properties Held for Letting £ 24,720,512	Housing Properties For Letting Under Construction £ 85,470	Completed Shared Ownership Housing Properties	Total Housing Properties £
Additions	22,079	104,325	203,000	25,008,982 126,404
Properties acquired	137,776	-	_	137,776
Works to existing properties	88,620	-	_	88,620
Disposals	(79,748)	-	-	(79,748)
31 March 2017	24,889,239	189,795	203,000	25,282,034
Depreciation and impairment	0.500.005		40.040	0.570.477
1 April 2016	2,560,635	-	12,842	2,573,477
Depreciation charged in year	633,349	-	6,421	639,770
Released on disposal	(34,845)		-	(34,845)
31 March 2017	3,159,139		19,263	3,178,402
Net book value				
31 March 2017	21,730,100	189,795	183,737	22,103,632
31 March 2016	22,159,877	85,470	190,158	22,435,505

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11.A TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – HOUSING PROPERTIES (continued)

	2017 €	2016 £
Value of land included in cost	2,255,762	2,222,924
The amount of capitalised interest during the year was	Enil (2016 £nil).	
EXPENDITURE ON WORKS TO EXISTING PROPER	TIES	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Improvement work capitalised	22,079	819,056
Replacement component spend capitalised	88,620	162,172
Amounts charged to income and expenditure	675,402	118,363
Total major repairs spend	786,101	1,099,591

11.B TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS OTHER

	Freehold property £	Computers and Office Equipment £	Furniture, fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost	0.40 570	004.000	05.000	4 000 004
1 April 2016	948,572	234,930	85,892	1,269,394
Additions	_	17,112	10,486	27,598
31 March 2017	948,572	252,042	96,378	1,296,992
Depreciation and impairment 1 April 2016	372,799	197,075	84,489	654,363
Depreciation charged in year	31,648	20,236	3,089	54,974
31 March 2017	404,447	217,311	87,578	709,337
Net book value				
31 March 2017	544,125	34,731	8,799	587,655
31 March 2016	575,773	37,855	1,403	615,031

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

12. SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The Association's subsidiary undertakings are:

Name of undertaking	Class of shareholding	Proportion of nominal value held directly	Nature of Business
Ardenglen Developments Limited	Ordinary	100% (2016: 100%)	Related to the construction of and renting out of office space adjacent to the Association's own offices.

13. DEBTORS

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Rent and service charges receivable	106,795	102,908
Less: provision for bad and doubtful debts	(56,970)	(63,362)
·	49,825	39,546
HAG receivable	101,424	1,974
Other debtors	88,838	69,056
Prepayments and accrued income	105,124	104,659
Amounts due from Group undertakings	·	8,212
	345,212	223,447

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017	2016
	£	£
Debt (note 17)	352,271	312,060
Rent and service charges received in advance	31,717	23,200
Deferred capital grants (note 16)	4,904	3,741
Trade creditors	203,009	596,080
Other taxation and social security costs	-	13,892
Other creditors	253,932	189,114
Accruals and deferred income	41,417	31,540
	887,250	1,169,627

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Debt (note 17) Deferred capital grant (note 16)	2017 £ 5,004,081 373,807 5,377,888	2016 £ 5,409,686 213,833 5,623,519
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Included in creditors are:		
	Amounts repayable other than by instalments falling due after more than five years	1,732,586	1,506,761
	Amounts repayable by instalments falling due after more		
	than five years	3,645,302	4,116,758
4.0			
16.	DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANT	2017	2016
		2017 £	2016 £
	As at 1 April	217,574	185,759
	Grant received in the year	166,041	35,556
	Capital grant released	(4,904)	(3,741)
	As at 31 March	378,711	217,574
	Amounts to be released within one year	4,904	3,741
	Amounts to be released in more than one year	373,807	213,833
		378,711	217,574
17.	DEBT ANALYSIS - BORROWINGS		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:		
	Bank loans	352,271	312,060
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:	E 004 004	E 400 600
	Bank loans Total	5,004,081	5,409,686
	IOlai	5,356,352	5,721,746

Borrowings are denominated and repaid in pounds sterling, have contractual interest rates that are either fixed rates or variable rates linked to LIBOR that are not leveraged, and do not contain conditional returns or repayment provisions other than to protect the lender against credit deterioration or changes in relevant legislation or taxation.

Bank Borrowings are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties and are repayable at rates of interest ranging from 1.45% to 5.62% (2016 – 1.45% to 5.62%). The Association makes monthly and quarterly repayments of the bank borrowings.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Measured at amortised cost

17. DEBT ANALYSIS - BORROWINGS - (continued)

Based on the lender's earliest repayment date, borrowings are repayable as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year	352,271	312,060
Due in one year or more but less than two years	350,738	315,769
Due between two and five years	1,008,041	977,159
Due more than five years	3,645,302	4,116,758
	5,356,352	5,721,746
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	2017 £	2016 £
Financial assets:		
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	3,089,129	3,290,389
Financial liabilities:	12	

19. PROVISIONS

18.

	Holiday pay	SHAPS	
	£	Pension £	Total £
1 April 2016	15,497	1,338,000	1,353,497
Utilised in the year	(15,497)	(113,000)	(128,497)
Additional provision in year	13,260	-	13,260
Unwinding of discount	-	29,000	29,000
Increase due to change in discount rate	-	17,000	17,000
Remeasurement	-	(688,000)	(688,000)
31 March 2017	13,260	583,000	596,260

8,146,643

6,861,398

Holiday Pay

This represents holiday accrued as a result of services rendered in the current period and which employees are entitled to carry forward. The provision is measured as the statutory cost payable for the period of absence.

Pension

The SHAPS provision represents the net present value of the commitment to the multiemployer pension scheme in respect of past deficits.

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

20. SHARE CAPITAL & RESERVES

The Association is limited by guarantee and consequently has no share capital. Each of the Association's members agrees to contribute £1 in the event of the Association winding up.

		2017 Number	2016 Number
	Number of members	404	0.40
	1 April 2016	184 12	242 23
	Joined during the year Left during year	(42)	(81)
	31 March 2017	154	184
	31 March 2017	104	104
21.	RECONCILIATION OF SURPLUS TO NET CASH GENERATE FROM /(USED IN) OPERATIONS	D	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2017	2016
		£	£
	Surplus for the year	724,766	592,005
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	694,744	685,840
	Amortisation of deferred grant	(4,904)	(3,741)
	Shares cancelled	(42)	(81)
	Defined benefit pension schemes	(755,000)	(85,000)
	Fair value (gains)/losses on financial instruments	-	-
	Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(2,237)	-
	loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	15,506	32,266
	Interest receivable	(15,459)	(18,281)
	Interest payable	168,401	198,152
	Taxation	- 005 775	4 404 400
	Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	825,775	1,401,160
	(increase) in trade and other debtors	(25,529)	258,0295
	(decrease) in trade and other creditors	(323,751)	212,636
	Cash generated from / (used in) operations	476,495	1,871,891
		•	
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Cash and cash equivalents represent:-		
	Cash at bank	663,664	1,002,242
	Short-term deposits	2,080,252	2,064,700
	Overdraft		
		2,743,917	3,066,942

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

22.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS			
		2017	2016	
		£	£	
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the			
	financial statements			
	Expenditure authorised by the board, but not contracted	_		

23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Certain employees of the Association are members of an industry-wide retirement benefit scheme the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme ("SHAPS"). There is insufficient information to account for the scheme as a defined benefit plan so it is accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

The SHAPS offers a defined contribution option. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The contributions payable by the Association charged to income and expenditure amounted to £20,638 (2016: £10,035). Contributions totalling £1,927 (2016: £850) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors.

No other post-retirement benefits are provided. The schemes are fully funded schemes.

SHAPS

The company participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to over 150 non-associated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

It is not possible for the company to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore it accounts for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2012. This actuarial valuation showed assets of £394m, liabilities of £698m and a deficit of £304m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the Trustee has asked the participating employers to pay additional contributions to the scheme as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Deficit contributions

From 1 April 2014 to 30

September 2027:

£26,304,000 per annum

(payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on

1st April)

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2015. This actuarial valuation showed assets of £616m, liabilities of £814m and a deficit of £198m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the Trustee has asked the participating employers to pay additional contributions to the scheme as follows:

Deficit contributions

From 1 April 2017 to 28 February 2022:	£25,735,092 per annum (payable monthly, increasing by 3% each 1 st April)
From 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2025:	£727,217 per annum (payable monthly, increasing by 3% each 1 st April)
From 1 April 2017 to 31 October 2026:	£1,239,033 per annum (payable monthly, increasing by 3% each 1 st April)

The recovery plan contributions are allocated to each participating employer in line with their estimated share of the scheme liabilities.

Where the scheme is in deficit and where the Association has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement the company recognises a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised is the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that relates to the deficit. The present value is calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost.

PRESENT VALUES OF PROVISION

	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2017	2016	2015
	(£000s)	(£000s)	(£000s)
Present value of Provision	583	1,338	1,423

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS – (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING PROVISIONS

	Period Ending 31 March 2017 (£000s)	Period Ending 31 March 2016 (£000s)
Provision at start of period	1,338	1,423
Unwinding of the discount factor (interest expense)	29	30
Deficit contribution paid	(113)	(110)
Remeasurements - impact of any change in assumptions	17	(5)
Remeasurements - amendments to the contribution schedule	(688)	-
Provision at end of period	583	1,338

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE IMPACT

Period Ending 31 March 2017 (£000s)	Period Ending 31 March 2016 (£000s)
29	30
17	(5)
(688)	-
120	119
(522)	144
	Ending 31 March 2017 (£000s) 29 17 (688)

^{*}includes defined contribution schemes and future service contributions (i.e. excluding any deficit reduction payments) to defined benefit schemes which are treated as defined contribution schemes.

ASSLIMPTIONS

	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
<u> </u>	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of discount	1.06	2.29	2.22

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS – (continued)

The discount rates shown above are the equivalent single discount rates which, when used to discount the future recovery plan contributions due, would give the same results as using a full AA corporate bond yield curve to discount the same recovery plan contributions.

The Association has agreed to make additional deficit payments to SHAPS at the rate of £114,686 per year for 5 years using a discount rate based on a AA corporate rate bond for the same period. A liability based upon discounted net present value of £0.6m has been recognised within provisions for the contribution obligations.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Various Management Committee members are also tenants of the Association. Their tenancies are on normal commercial terms. During the year £23,971 (2016; £25,880) of rent was receivable from these tenant members. At the year-end there were £169 (2016: £166) of rent arrears due from these tenant members.

During the year £19,596 (2016 £19,596) of rent was paid to the Association's subsidiary Ardenglen Developments Ltd. During the year £600 (2016 £600) management fee was receivable from the Association's subsidiary Ardenglen Developments Ltd.

Amounts outstanding are unsecured, non-interest bearing and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in the year (2016: £nil) in respect of bad debts from related parties.